

# SPECTRA LUMOS ENCRYPTION GUIDE

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#### **REVISION HISTORY**

Revision	Date	Description
A	May 2025	Initial Release.
В	August 2025	Added Fortanix Key Management Suite support.
С	October 2025	Added Fortanix configuration instructions.

**Note:** To make sure you have the most current version of this guide check the Spectra Logic Technical Support portal at <a href="https://support.spectralogic.com/documentation/user-guides/">https://support.spectralogic.com/documentation/user-guides/</a>.

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# **RELATED INFORMATION**

#### **Additional Publications**

For detailed information on the configuration and use of the library, see the Spectra Logic publications specific to your library.

- The library's user guide describes the configuration and use of the library, including specifications and troubleshooting information. The most up-to-date versions of all library documentation are available on Spectra Logic Support Portal at <u>support.spectralogic.com/documentation.</u>
- The library's release notes provide the most up-to-date information about the BlueScale software as well as the library, drives, and media. Release Notes can be accessed after logging into your Support Portal account at <a href="http://support.spectralogic.com">http://support.spectralogic.com</a>.

#### **KMIP Software**

See the documentation specific to your KMIP software.

## **LTO Ultrium Tape Drives**

The following documents provide information that is applicable to all IBM LTO tape drives.

IBM Tape Device Drivers Installation and User's Guide

**Note:** This guide also provides information about using the IBM Tape Diagnostic Tool (ITDT) to troubleshoot drive problems.

• IBM TotalStorage LTO Ultrium Tape Drive: SCSI Reference

For drive-specific information, search for the product name (for example, LTO 6) on the documentation page on the IBM website. You can also search the IBM Support Portal at: <a href="http://www-947.ibm.com/support/entry/portal/Documentation">http://www-947.ibm.com/support/entry/portal/Documentation</a>.

# **TS11xx Technology Drives**

The following documents provide information that is applicable to TS11xx technology drives.

- IBM System Storage Tape Drive 3592 SCSI Reference
- IBM Tape Device Drivers Installation and User's Guide

**Note:** This guide also provides information about using the IBM Tape Diagnostic Tool (ITDT) to troubleshoot drive problems.

## **LumOS User Interface Screens**

The LumOS interface changes as new features are added or other modifications are made between software revisions. Therefore, the screens on your library may differ from those shown in this document.

# **Typographical Conventions**

This document uses the following conventions to highlight important information:

Note: Read notes for additional information or suggestions about the current topic.



**IMPORTANT** 

Read text marked by the "Important" icon for information that helps you complete a procedure or avoid extra steps.



**CAUTION** 

Read text marked by the "Caution" icon for information you must know to avoid damaging the hardware or losing data.

# **ABOUT THIS GUIDE**

This guide contains information about Spectra® BlueScale® Encryption key management, and KMIP encryption key management, for Spectra tape libraries using the LumOS operating system.

**Note:** If you are using a BlueScale operating system tape library, see the <u>Spectra TSeries Encryption</u> Guide.

Note: If you are using a Spectra Stack tape library, see the Spectra Stack User Guide.

## **BlueScale Encryption Key Management**

- Standard Edition Included as a standard feature of the LumOS operating system software. See BlueScale Encryption Standard on page 28 for more information.
- **Professional Edition** Requires a purchased option key to activate and provides additional security and flexibility features. See BlueScale Encryption Professional on page 46 for more information.

## **KMIP Encryption Key Management**

• Requires a purchased option key to activate, which enables library access to a KMIP server. See KMIP Encryption Key Management on page 65 for more information.

# INTENDED AUDIENCE

This guide is intended for data center administrators and operators who maintain and operate backup systems. This guide assumes that you are familiar with data backup and data protection strategies.

# CHAPTER 1 - ENCRYPTION OVERVIEW AND STRATEGIES

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# **ENCRYPTION OVERVIEW**

Spectra Logic LumOS libraries can encrypt data and manage encryption keys, using either BlueScale Encryption key management, or the KMIP management system. KMIP is a standalone, centralized key manager, while BlueScale Encryption key management is integrated within, and specific to, each library.



#### **IMPORTANT**

If you are using a BlueScale operating system tape library, see the <u>Spectra TSeries</u> <u>Encryption Guide</u>.

For information on encryption in Spectra Stack tape libraries, see the <u>Spectra Stack User Guide</u>.

The following table shows the encryption features and functionality provided by BlueScale Encryption key management, and KMIP key management.

Feature	BlueScale	KMIP with HPE ESKM
Library Integrated Server	✓	
Stand-alone Server		✓
Supports Spectra Cube and TFinity Plus Libraries	✓	✓
Multi-vendor Support (dual vendor shops)		✓
Graphical User Interface	✓	✓
Command Line Interface		✓
LTO-6 through LTO-10 Drive Support	✓	✓
TS11xx Technology Drive Support (TFinity Plus, T950)	✓	✓
Multi-library/ Multi-site Support		✓
AES-256 Bit Encryption	✓	✓
Secure Initialization Mode	✓	
Maximum Number of Encryption Keys	30	1,000,000+
MLM PostScan Media Verification	✓	
Key per Tape		✓

Feature	BlueScale	KMIP with HPE ESKM
Symmetric Shares	✓	✓
Asymmetric Shares		✓
Role-based Access Control	✓	✓
Key Grouping		✓
Device Grouping		✓
Key Group and Rotation Policies		✓
Key Lifecycle Status		✓
Audit Verified Key Deletion		✓
Certificates of Authority		✓
Audit Trail		✓
FIPS Certification		✓
IKEv2-SCSI Compliance		
Configuration, Policies, & Keystore Backup		✓
LDAP Support		✓

# **BEST PRACTICES**

To effectively use encryption and to ensure data security, create an encryption strategy and back it up with the appropriate staff and custom strategies based on your security requirements.

# **People**

Identify the key people who are responsible for managing the encryption of data written to tape.

## **Superuser**

One or more people with superuser privileges on the library. Only a superuser can access and configure the encryption features. See "Understanding User Groups and Security" in the *User Guide* for your library for information about the three types of user groups and the privileges for each user group.

# **Encryption Password Holder**

One or more superusers with the library's encryption password(s).

When determining the number of superusers and encryption password holders, balance the needs for security and availability for the encrypted data. It may be wise for more than a single user to be familiar with passwords, depending on the size of your organization, so that if one person is not available, another can take over.

# **Processes**

Consider the following when establishing your encryption procedures:

# **Startup Security**

- Develop procedures for tracking user names and passwords. Make sure only the
  authorized users know the encryption passwords, and that the passwords themselves are
  secure. Refer to Passwords and Other Identifiers on page 18 for more information on
  setting up passwords.
- Optionally, identify a primary and secondary encryption team, to create redundancy in your encryption strategy. Although that means the information required to decrypt data is spread across more people, it also means that restoration of encrypted data may be much easier, and creates additional data protection given the extra layer of coverage; for example, if a user leaves, you are not left with inaccessible data.

• Determine the level of security to use at startup. Both editions of BlueScale encryption permit a standard mode and a secure initialization mode. In standard mode, data is encrypted and restored as soon as the library is started with no further action required. In secure initialization mode, the partitions configured to use encryption are not accessible for backup or restore operations until a user with superuser privileges logs into the library and enters the encryption password.

# **Data to Encrypt**

- Decide whether to encrypt all data or a subset. If all of the site's data is to be encrypted on backup, then a single partition could be sufficient. If, however, you are backing up some data without encryption you need to create a partition dedicated to encrypted data, and another for non-encrypted data.
- Determine whether the encrypted data can be grouped together or if it must be isolated into sets. If sets of encrypted data need to be isolated from each other, create several encrypted storage partitions, each using a different encryption key. For example, your site may store financial data as one set and consumer identity information as a separate set.

# **BlueScale Encryption Key Protection**

BlueScale Encryption uses AES-256 encryption, which is a symmetric, private key encryption method. BlueScale Encryption identifies each key by the moniker (nickname) used to generate the key; the key itself is never displayed. In addition, keys are encrypted before they are exported and the file containing the key is password-protected.

Best practices dictate that you make copies of the key immediately following the key's creation. To ensure security, make sure that you track each copy of an encryption key.

- Decide on the number of copies to make of each key and keep a record of each copy's location. Consider storing multiple copies of keys, that you then track carefully, storing the copies in separate places and away from the data encrypted using those keys.
- Establish a key rotation plan that specifies how often to create and use new keys. The rotation plan may be a simple schedule such as changing keys once every six months, and destroying the keys only after the last set of data encrypted using that key is overwritten or destroyed.

**Note:** BlueScale Encryption Standard Edition stores one key on the library at a time; you must delete the key currently on the library before you can create or import another key, which can be very disruptive. Professional Edition permits multiple decryption keys for a partition.

• Establish a procedure for tracking keys. Make sure you track the information required to access and identify keys, along with the location of stored data that uses each encryption key. Make sure this information is not stored with the encrypted data. Keep it on a system or in an archive that is not available on a network. For additional security, encrypt this information as well.

• Before you delete a key from the library, make sure that at least one copy is exported and stored securely. It is important to make sure that at least one copy of each key is secure and readable (that is, uncorrupted), to ensure that you can restore your data.

Keeping a copy of an exported key is essential; after a key is deleted from the library, it cannot be recreated or recovered. Once the key is gone, the data is inaccessible; for legal and practical purposes the data is typically considered to be deleted.

# **Process Testing and Exception Handling**

- Run drills to confirm that your data is being encrypted properly, that keys are stored properly, and that you can recover your data. Make sure that these drills are included with your overall organizational security strategy.
- Create procedures to handle encrypted data that is, or might be, compromised. Make sure you can identify the data associated with any compromised key or keys. You may want to take all compromised data and decrypt it and then re-encrypt it and store it in an alternate location to minimize the potential for unauthorized access. You also need to investigate the incident involving compromised data and take appropriate actions if identity-related data was exposed.

# Special Considerations When Using BlueScale Encryption Professional Edition

- Drive-based encryption only allows one encryption key per cartridge, regardless of the number of keys stored on the library.
- To simplify data restoration in case of disaster recovery and to achieve business continuity goals, make sure that critically important data is stored on a separate, well-identified cartridge and that only one key is used for encrypting all of the data on the cartridge.

# **Passwords and Other Identifiers**

BlueScale Encryption requires you to supply passwords and monikers (key names) when configuring and using the encryption feature. Your site may want to consider implementing specific rules that govern how these are created.

# **Superuser Login/Encryption Passwords**

BlueScale encryption requires a separate password from the one used to log into the library in order to access the library's encryption features. This password must be entered after a user with superuser privileges logs into the library.

If you are using Professional Edition, you may optionally set three separate encryption passwords. If you choose to use this option, two of the three encryption passwords must be entered in order to import BlueScale encryption keys into the library or export them from the library.

The following passwords are required with both editions of BlueScale Encryption:

- **Superuser Password**—Only a user logged into the library with superuser privileges can access the Encryption User Login screen.
- Encryption Password—Lets you access encryption features. This password must be entered after the superuser logs in.

## Password(s) for Key Import and Export

Passwords are also used to encrypt keys for export and when importing previously exported keys. Your site may consider whether to create different rules for these passwords, such as requiring that these passwords are longer than the encryption access password(s), and therefore more secure.

#### **Monikers**

A moniker is an alphanumeric identifier that is tied to the never-revealed true key value, which is a 256-bit encryption key. The library uses monikers to generate unique encryption keys. The library displays the moniker, not the encryption key itself, whenever it references the encryption key. The actual value of an encryption key is **never** displayed. The moniker helps to protect data encrypted using the key by eliminating the need to display or type the actual key value.

Your site may want to create rules governing naming conventions for key monikers to ensure that each key is unique.

#### **Password and Moniker Standards**

Create standards to govern passwords and moniker names based on your site's security requirements. For example, if your site requires a high level of security for access to encryption partitions, your passwords and monikers may need to incorporate some combination of the following requirements:

Use a minimum number of characters.

Use both alphabetic and numeric characters.

Use both uppercase and lowercase letters for passwords.

Do not use words found in a dictionary.

Change the passwords at regularly scheduled intervals.

# **SITE SECURITY**

The following sections provide examples of different security scenarios.

# **Low Security Site Example**

The following table describes the security considerations and the suggested encryption configuration for a small company with 75 employees.

Security Consideration	Strategy
Security goals	Protecting company from legal liability associated with unauthorized access to data stored on tape, both onsite and offsite, including transport to the offsite location.
Encryption principals	IT administrator, company president, corporate legal counsel.
Data to encrypt	Financial and consumer identity data.
Level of security to implement	BlueScale Standard Edition: single key per library is sufficient. Standard initialization mode: encryption partitions are enabled at start-up.
Data sets requiring isolation	None. A single partition for encrypted data is sufficient.
Key escrow method	Staff at company escrows keys at a site remote from the data storage location.
Copies of each key to store and their locations	Keep three copies of each key: one with the senior IT administrator, one with the company president, one in a corporate safety deposit box.
Key rotation plan	Create a new key every six months.
Tracking key monikers and passwords	On a non-networked computer that supports encryption, create one or more charts or lists with this data, including key monikers, dates used, encryption and superuser passwords, and passwords used to encrypt exported keys. For additional security, you may want to avoid tracking the relationship between monikers and the encrypted cartridges. The library prompts for the required moniker when you restore encrypted data from a cartridge.

Security Consideration	Strategy
Multiple encryption teams (optional)	Configure a separate set of users who are responsible for managing encrypted data. These users may be the same as those identified as the encryption principals.
Decrypt and restore encrypted data	Regularly review data encryption and decryption procedures to make sure that backups and restores are working properly. Run tests to ensure that encrypted data can be decrypted and restored when needed.
Passwords	<ul> <li>Require passwords with a minimum of 12 characters, including at least one number and one letter, to access the encryption features.</li> <li>Require passwords with a minimum of 30 characters, including at least one number and one letter, to export and import encryption keys.</li> </ul>

# **Medium Security Site Example**

The following table describes the security considerations and the suggested encryption configuration for a medium-sized organization with 250 employees.

Security Considerations	Strategy
Security goals	Protecting company from legal liability associated with unauthorized access to data stored on tape onsite and offsite, including transport to the offsite location.
Encryption principals	IT senior staff, chief operating officer.
Data to encrypt	Intellectual property, financial, customer, and inventory data.
Level of security to implement	<ul> <li>BlueScale Professional Edition, with multiple keys</li> <li>Standard initialization mode: encryption partitions are enabled at start-up</li> <li>Multi-user mode, with three encryption passwords</li> </ul>
Data sets requiring isolation from other encrypted data	Separate partitions and keys for these data sets: financial data, inventory data, customer data, and intellectual property data. With this requirement, the site must use a minimum of four encryption-enabled partitions, along with partition(s) for non-encrypted data.
Key escrow method	Store key copies with corporate legal counsel and a paid, trusted, third-party escrow service.

Security Considerations	Strategy
Number of copies of each key to store, and locations	Keep three copies of each key: store one with corporate legal counsel, two with the key escrow service.
Key rotation plan	Create a new key every quarter for each partition dedicated to encryption.
Tracking key monikers, exported key passwords, and password to permit access to encryption features	Send to key escrow service an encrypted document that includes the password used to access encryption features, superuser password, and all passwords necessary to import encryption keys. This file cannot be created or stored on a networked computer. Delete the file from the computer after the document or file is transmitted securely to the key escrow service.
Multiple encryption teams (optional)	Three IT administrators, along with the senior IT admin and the COO.
Schedule and run drills	Annual evaluation and review, along with wider corporate security plan.
Passwords	<ul> <li>Passwords to access encryption features: minimum of 12 characters, including at least one number and one letter</li> <li>Password to export and import encryption keys: minimum of 30 characters, including at least one number and one letter</li> </ul>

# **High Security Site Example**

The following table describes the security considerations and the suggested encryption configuration for an enterprise organization.

Security Considerations	Strategy
Security goals	Protecting all stored data.
Encryption principals	IT senior staff, chief operating officer, chief security officer, chief technology officer.
Data to encrypt	All.

Security Considerations	Strategy	
Level of security to implement	<ul> <li>BlueScale Professional Edition, with multiple keys</li> <li>Secure Initialization Mode: After the library power is turned on, the encryption user must enter the password to enable partitions dedicated to encryption</li> <li>Multi-user mode, with three encryption passwords</li> </ul>	
Data sets requiring isolation	Each data set is separately keyed, as defined by the department generating data.	
Key escrow method	Store key copies with two remote corporate legal counsel offices and also with a paid, trusted third-party escrow service.	
Copies of each key to store, and the stored key locations	Keep three copies of each key: store one at the main office of corporate legal counsel, two with the key escrow service.	
Key rotation plan	Create a new key every month for each partition dedicated to encryption.	
Tracking key monikers and passwords	Send to the key escrow service an encrypted file with encryption access passwords and superuser passwords. Send to corporate legal office a list of passwords used to export keys. Files with this data cannot be created or stored on a networked computer; delete file or files from the computer once data is transmitted securely.	
Multiple encryption teams (optional)	Senior IT admin, chief operating officer, chief security officer, chief technology officer.	
Schedule and run drills	Quarterly evaluation and review, in conjunction with wider corporate security plan.	
Passwords	<ul> <li>Passwords to access encryption features: minimum of 15 characters, including at least one number and one letter</li> <li>Password to export and import encryption keys: minimum of 40 characters, including at least one number and one letter</li> </ul>	

# **BLUESCALE ENCRYPTION KEY MANAGEMENT OVERVIEW**

BlueScale Encryption key management is tightly integrated into your Spectra library. Encryption is handled through encryption-enabled LTO- and later generation drives. BlueScale Encryption key management is provided through the library's user interface.

# **Understanding the Components**

The BlueScale Encryption key management system contains two major components:

- **The BlueScale Encryption Key Management Software** The key management feature is accessed through the library's user interface, either using the operator panel or a remote connection through the LumOS web interface. Spectra BlueScale encryption key management is available in Standard and Professional Editions to meet your site security requirements (see Standard Edition vs. Professional Edition below).
- The Encryption Chip in the LTO-6 or Later Generation Drives Using encryptionenabled hardware makes encryption extremely fast and places no burden on your network. After encryption is enabled, data is automatically encrypted as it is written to tape.

- **Notes:** Encryption-enabled LTO drives use the same encryption algorithm, ensuring that tapes encrypted by one LTO drive generation can be read by another generation of drive as long as the tape itself is compatible with the drive.
  - BlueScale Encryption key management is not compatible with KMIP encryption key management. Data encrypted using on type of encryption key management cannot be decrypted using a different type of encryption key management.

# Standard Edition vs. Professional Edition

To determine a BlueScale Encryption key management strategy appropriate for your site and your data, decide on the security level required for your site, and the amount and kinds of data to encrypt. See Best Practices on page 16 for things to consider when determining your encryption requirements and processes. After you decide on the appropriate security level and whether data sets need to be isolated, you can decide which edition of BlueScale Encryption meets your needs.

# **BlueScale Encryption Standard Edition**

Standard Edition is included as a standard feature on the library. It is suitable for sites with a primary goal of securing data while it is transported to a remote location and stored there for long-term archival. See Low Security Site Example on page 20 for an example of setting up encryption using BlueScale Encryption Standard Edition.

For information about configuring and using BlueScale Encryption Standard Edition, see BlueScale Encryption Standard on page 28.

# **BlueScale Encryption Professional Edition**

Professional Edition provides additional choices for defining the level of security you implement in your data center. It is suitable for sites that want the added security of multipassword access to the encryption configuration controls and for importing and exporting encryption keys, and the added flexibility of storing up to 30 encryption keys on the library. See Medium Security Site Example on page 21 and High Security Site Example on page 22 for examples of setting up encryption using BlueScale Encryption Professional Edition.

For information about configuring and using BlueScale Professional Edition, see BlueScale Encryption Professional .

The following table compares the major differences between the Standard and Professional Editions.

Feature	Standard Edition	Professional Edition	
Availability	Included as a standard feature on the library.	Requires a purchased option key to activate.	
Encryption Login Passwords	Single encryption password accesses all encryption features.	Choice of using one or three passwords to access all encryption features. Using the three-password option requires the following:	
		<ul> <li>Three unique encryption passwords must be configured.</li> </ul>	
		<ul> <li>Any one of the three passwords must be entered to enable encryption when the library is in Secure Initialization mode.</li> </ul>	
		<ul> <li>Any one of the three passwords must be entered to access encryption key management and configuration options, excluding key import and export.</li> </ul>	
		• Two of the three passwords must be entered to import and export keys.	
Keys (Data Set Isolation)	Single encryption key stored on the library at a time.	• Up to 30 encryption keys stored on the library.	
	The same key is used for all partitions configured to use encryption.	• Separate encryption keys can be assigned to each storage partition to isolate data sets.	
Key Export and Import	A single password is used when exporting and importing the encryption key. The encryption key is exported in a single file.		
Compression	Drive-based compression.		
Compatibility between Software Editions	Data encrypted using either software edition (Standard or Professional) can be decrypted by a library running the other edition as long as the key used to encrypt the data is present on the library attempting to decrypt the data.		

# KMIP ENCRYPTION KEY MANAGEMENT OVERVIEW

Configuration of KMIP encryption key management entails creating a Certificate Signing Request, getting the certificate signed, configuring one or more KMIP servers, adding the new user to the server, importing artifacts from the server, configuring the library to access one or more KMIP servers, and designating one or more library partitions as encryption-enabled. All encryption administrative activities are performed on the KMIP server, including configuration; administration of groups, users, and roles; and management of keys, key groups, and devices.

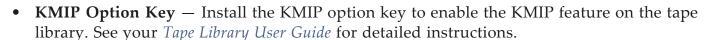
After configuring and enabling KMIP encryption, a drive in a KMIP encryption-enabled partition use a secure TLS connection to request a key from the KMIP server. The server sends the encryption key to the drive, and the drive uses the key to automatically encrypt data as it is written to tape or decrypt data when it is read from tape.

Before you configure your library to use KMIP encryption key management, make sure you have the following:

**KMIP** Encryption-capable Drives — KMIP is only compatible with LTO-6 and later generation tape drives and TS11xx drives.

> To use KMIP encryption key management the library drives must have the following firmware:

- LTO-6 drives must use firmware version G352 or later
- LTO-7 drives must use firmware version G5S2 or later
- LTO-8 and later generation drives can use any firmware supported by the library
- TS1140 technology drives must use firmware version 3B0E or later
- TS1150 technology drives must use firmware version 4718 or later
- TS1155 technology drives must use firmware version 47A2 or later
- TS1160 technology drives must use firmware version 544F or later
- TS1170 technology drives must use firmware version 6495 or later



**KMIP Server** — Install and configure KMIP on your server.

- **Notes:** The library supports connections to Hewlett Packard Enterprise (HPE) Enterprise Secure Key Manager (ESKM) servers, IBM SKLM servers, and Fortanix Data Security Manager servers.
  - KMIP encryption key management is not compatible with BlueScale encryption key management, because they cannot share encryption keys. Data encrypted using KMIP key management cannot be decrypted using BlueScale encryption key management, and vice versa.



#### **IMPORTANT**

# CHAPTER 2 - BLUESCALE ENCRYPTION STANDARD

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# CONFIGURING BLUESCALE ENCRYPTION STANDARD **EDITION**

#### **Overview**

BlueScale Encryption Standard key management configuration entails selecting an encryption startup mode, creating an encryption password, creating and using encryption keys, and designating one or more partitions as encryption-enabled. After encryption is enabled, data is automatically encrypted as it is stored in any partition that is encryption-enabled.

- Notes: See Standard Edition vs. Professional Edition on page 24 for a description of the differences between BlueScale Encryption Key Management Standard Edition and Professional Edition.
  - BlueScale Encryption Key Management is not compatible with KMIP encryption key management, because they cannot share encryption keys. Data encrypted using BlueScale encryption key management cannot be decrypted using KMIP encryption key management, and vice versa.

## **User Privilege Requirements**

Only users with superuser privileges can access and use the BlueScale encryption features.

#### **Authorization Password**

The encryption password, or Authorization Password, lets a superuser access the encryption features.



**CAUTION** 

The BlueScale encryption feature password is separate from the password used to log into the library. Make sure you keep a record of this password. If you lose this password, you are not able to configure encryption nor are you able to import/export encryption keys that were already assigned and used on encrypted tapes.

# Log In to the Encryption Feature

- **1.** In the LumOS user interface, select **Configuration > Encryption**.
- 2. Enter the Authorization Password and click Submit. The Encryption screen displays.

Note: The default password is blank.



Figure 1 The Encryption screen.

# CONFIGURE SECURE INITIALIZATION, PASSWORD, AND AUTHORIZATION SETTINGS

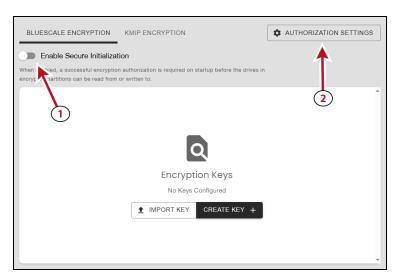


Figure 2 The Encryption screen.

- **1.** Toggle the selector for **Enable Secure Initialization** if desired. When Secure Initialization is enabled, the encryption password must be entered when the library initializes before the library can read or write encrypted data.
- **2.** Click **Authorization Settings** to open the Authorization Settings window.

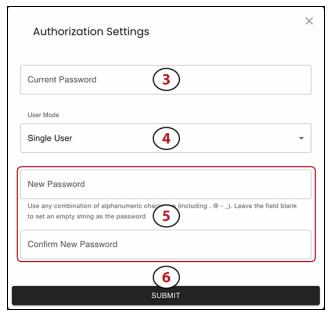


Figure 3 The Authorization Settings screen.

**3.** In the **Current Password** entry field, enter the current encryption password.

Note: The default password is blank.

**4.** Select the **User Mode** from the drop-down menu.

Note: Multi User mode requires a BlueScale Encryption Pro license.

**5.** Enter and confirm the **New Password** in the entry fields.

A password can be any combination of the numbers 0-9, lower and upper case alphabetic characters ( $\mathbf{a}-\mathbf{z}$  and  $\mathbf{A}-\mathbf{Z}$ ), and the at symbol (@), dash (-), underscore (\_), and period (.) characters.

6. Click Submit.

# **CREATING AN ENCRYPTION KEY**

- **1.** In the LumOS user interface, select **Configuration > Encryption**.
- **2.** Enter the encryption **Authorization Password** and click **Submit**.
- **3.** On the Encryption screen, click **Create Key.** The New Encryption Key screen displays.



Figure 4 The New Encryption Key screen.

- **4.** Enter a name for the encryption key in the **Moniker** field. Make sure that the moniker meets the following requirements:
  - A moniker can be any combination of the numbers **0–9**, lower and upper case alphabetic characters (**a–z** and **A–Z**), and the at symbol (@), dash (–), underscore (\_), and period (.) characters. To improve readability, use an underscore to separate words. Do not use any space characters.
- Each moniker must be a unique string of characters not used for any other key.
- **5.** Click **Create Key**. The Encryption Configuration screen displays with a confirmation showing the moniker for the newly created encryption key and a message reminding you to create a copy of the key for safekeeping.



**Figure 5** The New Encryption Key screen.

**6.** Click **Export** to export the newly created encryption key and save it to a secure location.



**CAUTION** 

If you lose the encryption key, data encrypted using the key cannot be recovered. For this reason, promptly copying the key and storing it safely is extremely important to data decryption and recovery. See Exporting and Protecting Encryption Keys on page 39 for additional information.

# **Assigning an Encryption Key to a Partition**

After creating an encryption key, you can assign it to one or more partitions. Use the following steps to assign a key to a partition and encrypt all data sent to the partition:

**1.** In the LumOS user interface, select **Configuration > Partitions**. The Partitions screen displays.

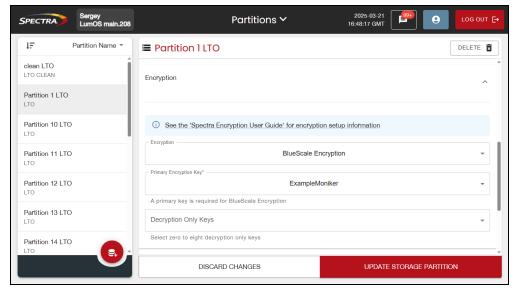


Figure 6 The Partitions screen.

- **2.** In the left-hand pane, select the partition to which you want to add the encryption key. The configuration options for the partition display in the right-hand main window.
- **3.** Expand the Encryption pane.
- 4. Using the Encryption drop-down menu, select BlueScale Encryption.
- **5.** Using the **Primary Encryption Key** drop-down menu, select the desired encryption key.
- **6.** Click **Update Storage Partition**.
- **7.** Select Configuration > Encryption.
- **8.** Enter the **Authorization Password** and click **Submit**. The Encryption screen displays.

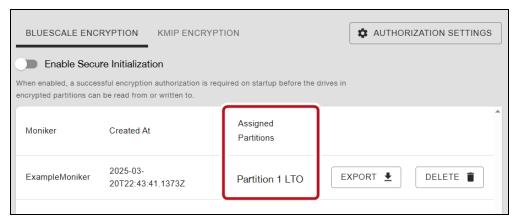


Figure 7 The Encryption screen.

**9.** Confirm the partition you to which you just assigned the key is listed in the **Assigned Partitions** column.

## RESTORING ENCRYPTED DATA

#### **Overview**

Restoring encrypted data from a cartridge follows the standard data restore processes that you use with your storage management software. The only difference is that the key used to encrypt the data being restored needs to be stored in the library and assigned to the partition in which the encrypted cartridge is loaded. If the key is already stored on the library, the data is automatically decrypted as it is read from tape; if the encryption key is not currently stored on the library, it must be imported before the data can be decrypted. Once the required encryption key is assigned to the partition, standard restore procedures are unchanged.

## **Use the Key Stored in the Library**

This section describes how to restore data if the key used to encrypt the data is currently stored in the library.

- **1.** If the encryption key is not currently assigned to the partition, modify the partition as described in Assigning an Encryption Key to a Partition.
- **2.** If you enabled Secure Initialization and no encryption user logged in since the last time the library initialized, enter the Authorization Password on the Encryption screen.
- **3.** If necessary, import the cartridges containing the data to be restored into the library partition to which the encryption key is assigned.
- **4.** Use your storage management software to restore the data. The data is automatically decrypted using the stored key.

## Import the Required Key Into the Library

If the encryption key required for a specific set of encrypted data is not present in the library, the library prompts you with the moniker of the key that is required to decrypt the data. Use the key moniker to identify the required encryption key and then import the key into the library as described in this section. After you assign the imported key to the partition containing the encrypted cartridge, the data on the cartridge is decrypted when read from tape.



#### **IMPORTANT**

In addition to the file containing the exported key, you need the key password in order to import the key into the library. Without the key password, you are not able to import the encryption key.

**1.** In the LumOS user interface, select **Configuration > Encryption**.

**2.** Enter the encryption **Authorization Password** and click **Submit**. The Encryption screen displays.

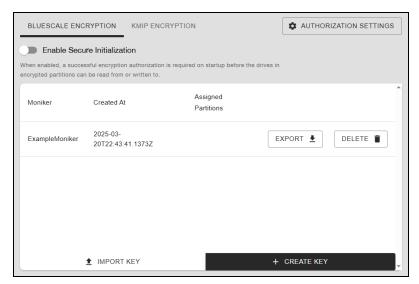


Figure 8 The Encryption screen.

**3.** Click **Import Key**. The Import Encryption Key screen displays.



**Figure 9** The Import Encryption Key screen.

- 4. Click Chose File and browse the location of the key you want to import.
- **5.** Enter the **Encryption Key Password**. This is the password entered when the key was exported.
- **6.** Click **Import Key**. The imported key displays on the Encryption screen.
- **7.** Assign the imported key to the partition containing the encrypted cartridge (see Assigning an Encryption Key to a Partition on page 35).
- 8. Use your storage management software to restore the data.

## **EXPORTING AND PROTECTING ENCRYPTION KEYS**

Creating a backup of all keys used in the library and a record of the password for each exported key is essential to ensuring that you can recover encrypted data. For safe-keeping and security, export the encryption key and store it in a safe, secure location so that you can import it back into the library if needed.

#### **Overview**

Decrypting encrypted data requires both the encryption key and the encryption key password used to protect the encryption key when it is exported. To ensure that the keys are protected, use the Export Key option that displays immediately after creating a key, or use the method described in this section to export encryption keys when needed.



**CAUTION** 

Data cannot be recovered without the encryption key used to encrypt the data, so protecting encryption keys is extremely important to data decryption and recovery. To decrypt and restore encrypted data, you need the data, the encryption key, and the encryption key password used to protect the exported key and data.



**IMPORTANT** 

Backup files of the library configuration include any encryption keys that are stored in the library at the time the file is created.

#### **Best Practice**

Spectra Logic recommends that you export each encryption key and copy it to at least two different USB devices, and store them in separate locations. Remember, lost encryption keys cannot be recreated; keep them as secure (and as backed up) as your data.

## **Export the Encryption Key**

Here is how to export the current encryption key:

**1.** In the LumOS user interface, select **Configuration > Encryption**.

**2.** Enter the encryption **Authorization Password** and click **Submit**. The Encryption screen displays.



Figure 10 The Encryption screen.

**3.** Click **Export** next to the encryption key you want to export. The Export *moniker name* screen displays.

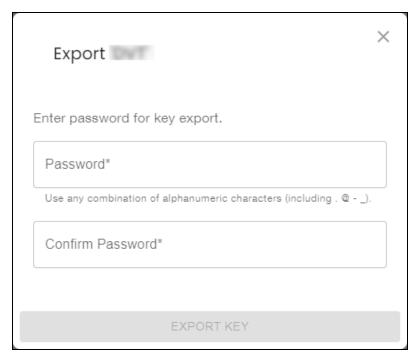


Figure 11 The Export moniker name screen.

- **4.** Enter and confirm the **Password** for the selected key. Use any combination of the numbers **0–9**, lower and upper case alphabetic characters (**a–z** and **A-Z**), and the at symbol (@), dash (–), underscore (\_), and period (.) characters. The password is required when you import the key.
- **5.** Click **Export Key**.

**6.** Make a record of the encryption key password; you need it in order to import the key back into the library. Without the password, you cannot import the key, and the data encrypted using the key is inaccessible.



#### **CAUTION**

Do not lose the encryption key password. Without it, you cannot reimport an encryption key after it is deleted from the library, and the data encrypted using the key is inaccessible.

- **7.** Confirm that the encryption key was correctly exported by browsing to the directory where you exported the key and locating key file. The file name is the name of the moniker with a .bsk extension.
- **8.** Make sure that the file is more than 0 bytes in size. If the file meets this requirement, the encryption key was successfully exported and is usable.

## **Protect the Encryption Key**

In conformance with your security plan, track the location of each USB device containing the exported key or, if you email the encryption key, the name of each person who received the email message with the exported key file attached. Also keep track of the password you used when you exported the key.



#### **CAUTION**

Make sure you keep a record of the password created when exporting the key. You must have this password *and* the encrypted file containing the exported key in order to import the encryption key back into the library. Without the key password, you are not able to import the encryption key.



#### **CAUTION**

As a matter of best practice, Spectra Logic recommends storing encryption keys to a USB device instead of using email to share encryption keys. Doing so presents security issues, including the following:

- Copies of encryption keys may be left on the email servers used for sending and receiving email and are thus subject to compromise.
- The difficulty in verifying where all the copies of emailed encryption keys may be located can make security audits more challenging.

The following guidelines outline the essential tasks required to protect encryption keys:

- Save one or more copies of every key using the Key Export option on the Encryption Configuration screen (see Export the Encryption Key on page 39).
- If you choose to store only a single copy of an encryption key, make sure that you keep the copy secure. If something happens to the device where you stored the exported key and the key was deleted from the library, both the key and all data encrypted using the key are unrecoverable.



To emphasize: If you lose the encryption key or the password for the exported file, your data is **unrecoverable** if the key was deleted from the library. You need to balance the number of copies of the key to store to guarantee access to the encrypted data against the security risk associated with using multiple keys. Make sure that the key was successfully exported prior to deleting the key from the library.

- Store encryption keys offsite in a location other than the site used for media storage. Confirm that the key is stored correctly on the USB device or was received by the intended recipient before deleting the key from your library. If you delete the key, you must import the key back into the library in order to decrypt the data that was encrypted using the key. Importing keys is described in Restoring Encrypted Data on page 37.
  - You may want to make two copies of a key, storing each in a secure location. Keep a record of each key's location so that you can easily find the key when you need to restore or delete data.
- Maintain a list of every password associated with each key and securely store the list.
  Never keep this list as cleartext (unencrypted text) on a networked computer, or send it
  through email as cleartext. For added security, encrypt the file containing the list of
  passwords.
- Track every copy of each key. This tracking is critical in order to meet requirements that
  may govern data retention and data destruction. Destroying all exported copies of keys
  associated with encrypted data AND deleting the keys from the library is sufficient to
  satisfy data destruction requirements, since encrypted data cannot be accessed without the
  key used to encrypt it.

Spectra Logic recommends tracking the information listed in the following table for every key that you create. For added security, encrypt the file containing the tracking information.

Key moniker:	
Number of shares (if any):	
Number of key copies:	
Location of each copy:	
Password(s) associated with exported copy of the moniker:	
Location of cartridges containing data encrypted using this moniker:	
Moniker creation date:	
Planned expiration date:	

## **DELETING AN ENCRYPTION KEY FROM THE LIBRARY**

#### **Overview**

BlueScale Encryption Standard Edition only supports storing a single encryption key in the library. You must first delete the key currently stored in the library before you can create or import a new key and assign it to one or more partitions.



**CAUTION** 

Make sure that you export a copy of the existing key before you delete it. You need a copy of the exported key and its password to import the key back into the library and restore data that was encrypted with the key.



**IMPORTANT** 

Backup files of the library configuration include any encryption keys that were stored in the library at the time the file was created.

Use the following steps to delete a key:

- **1.** Export at least one copy of the encryption key and store it in a safe location (see Export the Encryption Key on page 39).
- **2.** If the encryption key you plan to delete is assigned to a partition, edit the partition to disable encryption (see Disabling Encryption in a Partition on page 98).



**Figure 12** The Encryption screen.

3. From the Encryption screen, click **Delete** on the row of the key you want to delete.

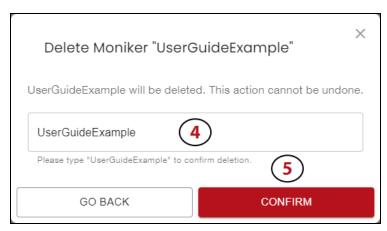


Figure 13 The Delete Moniker screen.

- **4.** In the confirmation window, enter the **Moniker** of the key into the text field.
- **5.** Click **Confirm** to delete the encryption key.

## **DISABLING ENCRYPTION IN A PARTITION**

Use the following steps to disable encryption in a partition.

**1.** In the LumOS user interface, select **Configuration > Partitions**. The Partitions screen displays.

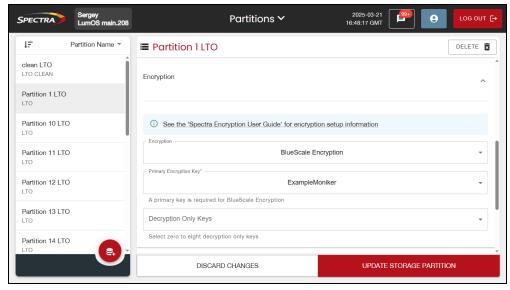


Figure 14 The Partitions screen.

- **2.** In the left-hand pane, select the partition to which you want to disable encryption. The configuration options for the partition display in the right-hand main window.
- 3. Expand the Encryption pane.
- **4.** Using the **Encryption** drop-down menu, select **Disabled**.
- 5. Click Update Storage Partition.

## CHAPTER 3 - BLUESCALE ENCRYPTION PROFESSIONAL

This chapter describes configuring and using BlueScale Encryption Key Management—Professional Edition.

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## CONFIGURING BLUESCALE ENCRYPTION PROFESSIONAL **EDITION**

#### **Overview**

BlueScale encryption key management configuration entails selecting an encryption startup mode, creating an encryption password, creating and using encryption keys, and designating one or more partitions as encryption-enabled. After encryption is enabled, data is automatically encrypted as it is written to tape in any partition that is encryption-enabled.

- **Notes:** See Standard Edition vs. Professional Edition on page 24 for a description of the differences between BlueScale Encryption Key Management Standard Edition and Professional Edition.
  - BlueScale Encryption Key Management is not compatible with KMIP encryption key management, because they cannot share encryption keys. Data encrypted using BlueScale encryption key management cannot be decrypted using KMIP encryption key management, and vice versa.

#### **User Privilege Requirements**

Only users with superuser privileges can access and use the BlueScale encryption features.

#### **Authorization Password**

The encryption password, or Authorization Password, lets a superuser access the encryption features.



**CAUTION** 

The BlueScale encryption feature password is separate from the password used to log into the library. Make sure you keep a record of this password. If you lose this password, you are not able to configure encryption nor are you able to import/export encryption keys that were already assigned and used on encrypted tapes.

## Log In to the Encryption Feature

- **1.** In the LumOS user interface, select **Configuration > Encryption**.
- 2. Enter the Authorization Password and click Submit. The Encryption screen displays.

**Note:** The default password is blank.

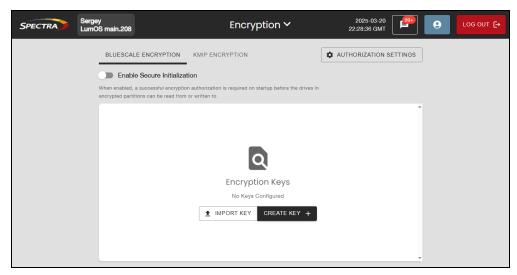


Figure 15 The Encryption screen.

## CONFIGURING SECURE INITIALIZATION, PASSWORD, AND AUTHORIZATION SETTINGS



Figure 16 The Encryption screen.

- **1.** Toggle the selector for **Enable Secure Initialization** if desired. When Secure Initialization is enabled, the encryption password must be entered when the library initializes before the library can read or write encrypted data.
- 2. Click **Authorization Settings** to open the Authorization Settings window.

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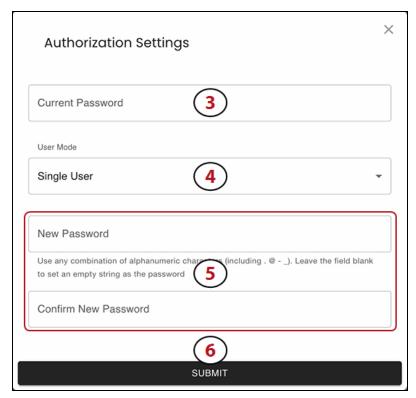


Figure 17 The Authorization Settings screen - Single User

**3.** In the **Current Password** entry field, enter the current encryption password.

Note: The default password is blank.

- **4.** Using the **User Mode** drop-down menu, select Single User or Multi User mode. This setting determines how many passwords are required to access the encryption screen, import and export keys, and enable the library after initialization if Secure Initialization is enabled.
  - **Single User Mode** Only one encryption password can be configured and only one is required to access all encryption features.
  - **Multi User Mode** Three unique encryption passwords must be configured. After you configure the three users and passwords, they are used as follows:
    - Enter any one of the three passwords to access the Encryption screen, and to initialize encryption on a library using Secure Initialization mode.
    - Enter any two of the three passwords when importing or exporting an encryption key.
- **5.** Enter and confirm the **New Password** in the entry fields. If you are configuring multiuser mode, enter 3 unique passwords.
  - A password can be any combination of the numbers **0–9**, lower and upper case alphabetic characters (**a–z** and **A–Z**), and the at symbol (@), dash (–), underscore (\_), and period (.) characters.
- 6. Click Submit.

## **CREATING AN ENCRYPTION KEY**

- **1.** In the LumOS user interface, select **Configuration > Encryption**.
- **2.** Enter the encryption **Authorization Password** and click **Submit**.
- **3.** On the Encryption screen, click **Create Key.** The New Encryption Key screen displays.

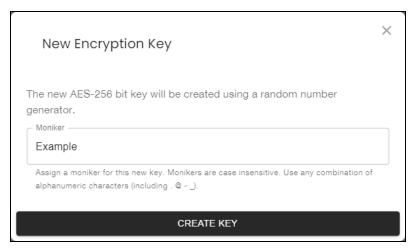


Figure 18 The New Encryption Key screen.

- **4.** Enter a name for the encryption key in the **Moniker** field. Make sure that the moniker meets the following requirements:
  - A moniker can be any combination of the numbers **0–9**, lower and upper case alphabetic characters (**a–z** and **A–Z**), and the at symbol (@), dash (–), underscore (\_), and period (.) characters. To improve readability, use an underscore to separate words. Do not use any space characters.
  - Each moniker must be a unique string of characters not used for any other key.
- **5.** Click **Create Key**. The Encryption Configuration screen displays with a confirmation showing the moniker for the newly created encryption key and a message reminding you to create a copy of the key for safekeeping.

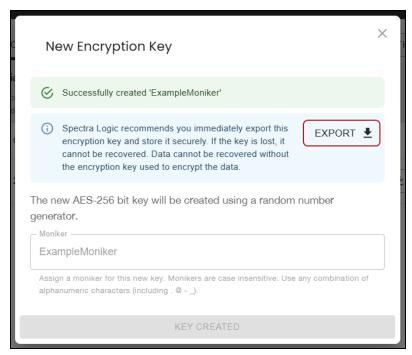


Figure 19 The New Encryption Key screen.

**6.** Click **Export** to export the newly created encryption key and save it to a secure location.



**CAUTION** 

If you lose the encryption key, data encrypted using the key cannot be recovered. For this reason, promptly copying the key and storing it safely is extremely important to data decryption and recovery. See Exporting and Protecting Encryption Keys on page 39 for additional information.

## **Assigning an Encryption Key to a Partition**

#### **Overview**

After creating an encryption key, you can assign it to one or more partitions. Use the following steps to assign a key to a partition and encrypt all data sent to the partition:

**1.** In the LumOS user interface, select **Configuration > Partitions**. The Partitions screen displays.

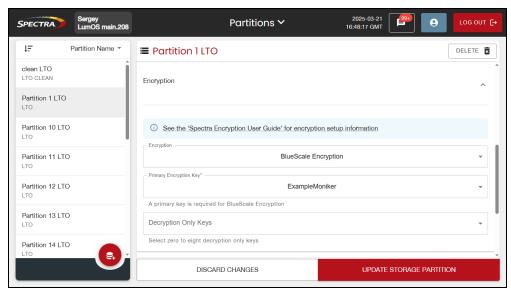


Figure 20 The Partitions screen.

- **2.** In the left-hand pane, select the partition to which you want to add the encryption key. The configuration options for the partition display in the right-hand main window.
- 3. Expand the Encryption pane.
- **4.** Using the **Encryption** drop-down menu, select **BlueScale Encryption**.
- **5.** Using the **Primary Encryption Key** drop-down menu, select the desired encryption key. This key is used to both encrypt and decrypt data written to tape media.

**Note:** Only one key can be assigned as the primary encryption key.

- **6.** If desired, use the **Decryption Only Keys** drop-down menu to select one or more keys used to decrypt data written by the Primary Encryption Key.
- **7.** Click **Update Storage Partition**.
- **8.** Select **Configuration > Encryption**.
- 9. Enter the Authorization Password and click Submit. The Encryption screen displays.

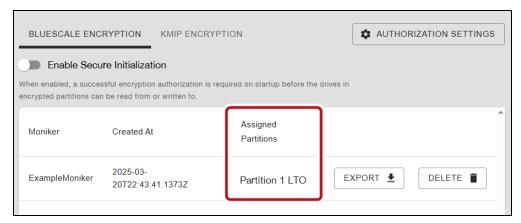


Figure 21 The Encryption screen.

**10.**Confirm the partition to which you just assigned encryption key(s) is listed in the **Assigned Partitions** column for each of the key(s) assigned to the partition.

## **RESTORING ENCRYPTED DATA**

#### **Overview**

Restoring encrypted data from a cartridge follows the standard data restore processes that you use with your storage management software. The only difference is that the key used to encrypt the data being restored needs to be stored in the library and assigned to the partition in which the encrypted cartridge is loaded. If the key is already stored on the library and assigned to the data partition containing the encrypted tape, the data is automatically decrypted as it is read from tape; if the encryption key is not currently stored on the library, it must be imported before the data can be decrypted. Once the required encryption key is assigned to the partition, standard restore procedures are unchanged.

#### **Multiple Passwords to Access Import Key Functions**

If you enabled Multi-User mode, two of the three encryption passwords are required to access the import key function.

## **Use the Key Stored in the Library**

This section describes how to restore data if the key used to encrypt the data is currently stored in the library.

- **1.** If the encryption key is not currently assigned to the partition, modify the partition as described in Assigning an Encryption Key to a Partition on page 53.
- **2.** If you enabled Secure Initialization and no encryption user logged in since the last time the library initialized, enter the Authorization Password on the Encryption screen.
- **3.** If necessary, import the cartridges containing the data to be restored into the library partition to which the encryption key is assigned.
- **4.** Use your storage management software to restore the data. The data is automatically decrypted using the stored key.

## Import the Required Key Into the Library

If the encryption key required for a specific set of encrypted data is not present in the library, the library prompts you with the moniker of the key that is required to decrypt the data. Use the key moniker to identify the required encryption key and then import the key into the library as described in this section. After you assign the imported key to the partition containing the encrypted cartridge, the data on the cartridge is decrypted when read from tape.



**IMPORTANT** 

In addition to the file containing the exported key, you need the key password in order to import the key into the library. Without the key password, you are not able to import the encryption key.

- **1.** In the LumOS user interface, select **Configuration > Encryption**.
- **2.** Enter the encryption **Authorization Password** and click **Submit**. The Encryption screen displays.

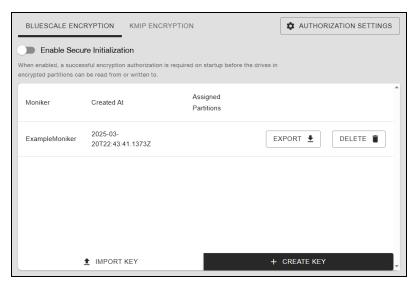


Figure 22 The Encryption screen.

**3.** Click **Import Key**. The Import Encryption Key screen displays.



Figure 23 The Import Encryption Key screen.

- 4. Enter the two of the three configured Authorization Passwords.
- 5. Click **Chose File** and browse the location of the key you want to import.
- **6.** Enter the **Encryption Key Password**. This is the password entered when the key was exported.

- **7.** Click **Import Key**. The imported key displays on the Encryption screen.
- **8.** Assign the imported key to the partition containing the encrypted cartridge (see Assigning an Encryption Key to a Partition on page 53).
- **9.** Use your storage management software to restore the data.

## **EXPORTING AND PROTECTING ENCRYPTION KEYS**

Creating a backup of all keys used in the library and a record of the password for each exported key is essential to ensuring that you can recover encrypted data. For safe-keeping and security, export the encryption key and store it in a safe, secure location so that you can import it back into the library if needed.

#### **Overview**

Decrypting encrypted data requires both the encryption key and the encryption key password used to protect the encryption key when it is exported. To ensure that the keys are protected, use the Export Key option that displays immediately after creating a key, or use the method described in this section to export encryption keys when needed.



**CAUTION** 

Data cannot be recovered without the encryption key used to encrypt the data, so protecting encryption keys is extremely important to data decryption and recovery. To decrypt and restore encrypted data, you need the data, the encryption key, and the encryption key password used to protect the exported key and data.



**IMPORTANT** 

Backup files of the library configuration include any encryption keys that are stored in the library at the time the file is created.

#### **Best Practice**

Spectra Logic recommends that you export each encryption key and copy it to at least two different USB devices, and store them in separate locations. Remember, lost encryption keys cannot be recreated; keep them as secure (and as backed up) as your data.

## **Export the Encryption Key**

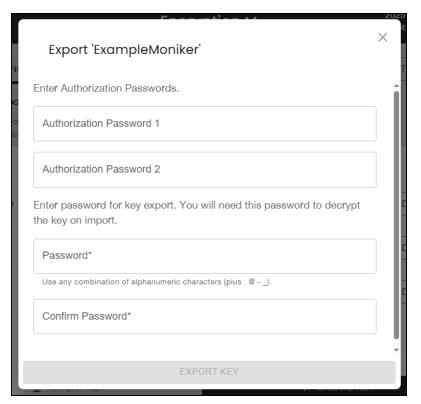
Here is how to export the current encryption key:

- 1. In the LumOS user interface, select **Configuration > Encryption**.
- **2.** Enter the encryption **Authorization Password** and click **Submit**. The Encryption screen displays.



**Figure 24** The Encryption screen.

**3.** Click **Export** next to the encryption key you want to export. The Export *moniker name* screen displays.



**Figure 25** The Export *moniker name* screen.

- **4.** Enter the two of the three configured **Authorization Passwords**.
- **5.** Enter and confirm the **Password** for the selected key. Use any combination of the numbers **0–9**, lower and upper case alphabetic characters (**a–z** and **A-Z**), and the at symbol (@), dash (–), underscore (\_), and period (.) characters. The password is required when you import the key.
- 6. Click Export Key.

**7.** Make a record of the encryption key password; you need it in order to import the key back into the library. Without the password, you cannot import the key, and the data encrypted using the key is inaccessible.



#### **CAUTION**

Do not lose the encryption key password. Without it, you cannot reimport an encryption key after it is deleted from the library, and the data encrypted using the key is inaccessible.

- **8.** Confirm that the encryption key was correctly exported by browsing to the directory where you exported the key and locating key file. The file name is the name of the moniker with a .bsk extension.
- **9.** Make sure that the file is more than 0 bytes in size. If the file meets this requirement, the encryption key was successfully exported and is usable.

## **Protect the Encryption Key**

In conformance with your security plan, track the location of each USB device containing the exported key or, if you email the encryption key, the name of each person who received the email message with the exported key file attached. Also keep track of the password you used when you exported the key.



#### CAUTION

Make sure you keep a record of the password created when exporting the key. You must have this password *and* the encrypted file containing the exported key in order to import the encryption key back into the library. Without the key password, you are not able to import the encryption key.



#### **CAUTION**

As a matter of best practice, Spectra Logic recommends storing encryption keys to a USB device instead of using email to share encryption keys. Doing so presents security issues, including the following:

- Copies of encryption keys may be left on the email servers used for sending and receiving email and are thus subject to compromise.
- The difficulty in verifying where all the copies of emailed encryption keys may be located can make security audits more challenging.

The following guidelines outline the essential tasks required to protect encryption keys:

- Save one or more copies of every key using the Key Export option on the Encryption Configuration screen (see Export the Encryption Key on page 58).
- If you choose to store only a single copy of an encryption key, make sure that you keep the copy secure. If something happens to the device where you stored the exported key and the key was deleted from the library, both the key and all data encrypted using the key are unrecoverable.



#### **CAUTION**

To emphasize: If you lose the encryption key or the password for the exported file, your data is **unrecoverable** if the key was deleted from the library. You need to balance the number of copies of the key to store to guarantee access to the encrypted data against the security risk associated with using multiple keys. Make sure that the key was successfully exported prior to deleting the key from the library.

• Store encryption keys offsite in a location other than the site used for media storage. Confirm that the key is stored correctly on the USB device or was received by the intended recipient before deleting the key from your library. If you delete the key, you must import the key back into the library in order to decrypt the data that was encrypted using the key. Importing keys is described in Import the Required Key Into the Library on page 55.

You may want to make two copies of a key, storing each in a secure location. Keep a record of each key's location so that you can easily find the key when you need to restore or delete data.

- Maintain a list of every password associated with each key and securely store the list.
  Never keep this list as cleartext (unencrypted text) on a networked computer, or send it
  through email as cleartext. For added security, encrypt the file containing the list of
  passwords.
- Track every copy of each key. This tracking is critical in order to meet requirements that
  may govern data retention and data destruction. Destroying all exported copies of keys
  associated with encrypted data AND deleting the keys from the library is sufficient to
  satisfy data destruction requirements, since encrypted data cannot be accessed without the
  key used to encrypt it.

Spectra Logic recommends tracking the information listed in the following table for every key that you create. For added security, encrypt the file containing the tracking information.

Key moniker:	
Number of shares (if any):	
Number of key copies:	
Location of each copy:	
Password(s) associated with exported copy of the moniker:	
Location of cartridges containing data encrypted using this moniker:	
Moniker creation date:	
Planned expiration date:	

## **DELETING AN ENCRYPTION KEY FROM THE LIBRARY**

#### **Overview**

BlueScale Encryption Standard Edition only supports storing a single encryption key in the library. You must first delete the key currently stored in the library before you can create or import a new key and assign it to one or more partitions.



**CAUTION** 

Make sure that you export a copy of the existing key before you delete it. You need a copy of the exported key and its password to import the key back into the library and restore data that was encrypted with the key.



**IMPORTANT** 

Backup files of the library configuration include any encryption keys that were stored in the library at the time the file was created.

Use the following steps to delete a key:

- **1.** Export at least one copy of the encryption key and store it in a safe location (see Export the Encryption Key on page 39).
- **2.** If the encryption key you plan to delete is assigned to a partition, edit the partition to disable encryption (see Disabling Encryption in a Partition on page 98).



Figure 26 The Encryption screen.

3. From the Encryption screen, click **Delete** on the row of the key you want to delete.

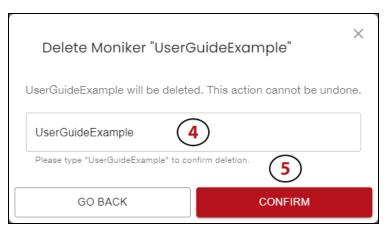


Figure 27 The Delete Moniker screen.

- **4.** In the confirmation window, enter the **Moniker** of the key into the text field.
- **5.** Click **Confirm** to delete the encryption key.

## **DISABLING ENCRYPTION IN A PARTITION**

Use the following steps to disable encryption in a partition.

**1.** In the LumOS user interface, select **Configuration > Partitions**. The Partitions screen displays.

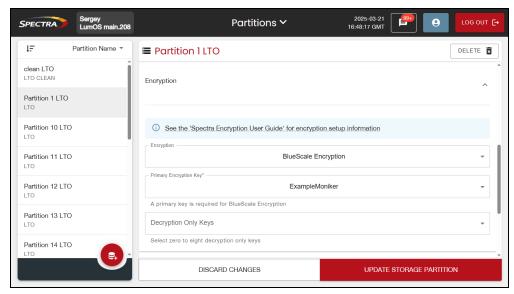


Figure 28 The Partitions screen.

- **2.** In the left-hand pane, select the partition to which you want to disable encryption. The configuration options for the partition display in the right-hand main window.
- 3. Expand the Encryption pane.
- **4.** Using the **Encryption** drop-down menu, select **Disabled**.
- **5.** Click **Update Storage Partition**.

# CHAPTER 4 - KMIP ENCRYPTION KEY MANAGEMENT

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## CONFIGURING KMIP ENCRYPTION WITH FORTANIX DSM

Use the following sections to configure KMIP encryption with the Fortanix DSM software.

#### **Prerequisites**

Integrating Fortanix DSM with a Spectra Logic LumOS tape library has the following requirements:

- A Fortanix DSM account.
- A Spectra Logic tape library using LumOS version 1.51 or higher.
- A host computer with network connectivity with Internet access to both the Fortanix application and the LumOS tape library simultaneously.

**Note:** If desired, ping the LumOS library to confirm network connectivity.

### **Configure Fortanix DSM**

A Fortanix DSM service must be configured, and the URL must be accessible. To create a Fortanix DSM account and group, refer to the following sections:

#### **Register DSM Account and Sign Up**

To get started with the Fortanix DSM cloud service, you must register an account at <*Your\_DSM\_Service\_URL>*.

For example: https://amer.smartkey.io.

For information on how to sign up for Fortanix DSM, see <u>Sign Up for Fortanix Data Security</u> <u>Manager SaaS</u>.

#### **Create an Account**

For information on how to set up an account in Fortanix DSM, see <u>Getting Started with Fortanix</u> <u>Data Security Manager - UI</u>.

### **Configure KMIP Encryption**

Use the sections below to configure the Fortanix DSM application and LumOS tape library to use KMIP encryption.

#### **Log In to the Fortanix Data Security Manager**

Here is how you log in to the Fortanix DSM:

**1.** Enter <*Your\_DSM\_Service\_URL>* in a web browser.

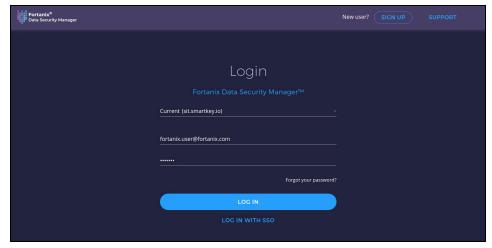


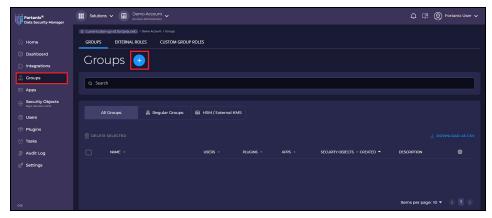
Figure 29 The Fortanix Login screen.

**2.** Enter your credentials and click **Log In**.

#### **Create a Group**

Here is how you create a group in the Fortanix DSM:

1. In the DSM left navigation panel, click **Groups**, and then click the + button.



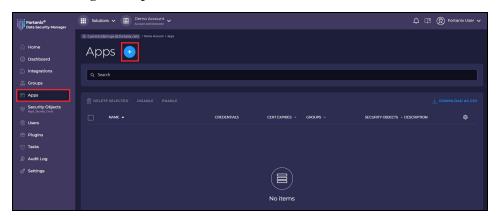
**Figure 30** The Add Groups screen.

- 2. On the Adding New Group screen, enter a **Title** name for your group.
- **3.** Optionally, enter a **Description** for the group.
- 4. Click Save.

## **Create an Application**

Here is how you create an application (app) in the Fortanix DSM:

1. In the DSM left navigation panel, click **Apps**, and then click the + button.



**Figure 31** The Add Application screen.

- 2. On the Adding New App page, enter the App Name for your application.
- **3.** Optionally, enter a **Description** for the application.
- **4.** Using the drop-down menu, select the **default API Key** as the **Authentication Method**. For more information on these authentication methods, see the Fortanix DSM User Guide: Authentication.
- **5.** Using the **Assigning New App To Groups** drop-down menu, select the group you created in Create a Group on the previous page.
- 6. Click Save.

#### Copy the App UUID

Here is how you copy the app UUID from the Fortanix DSM:

- **1.** In the DSM left navigation panel, click Apps, then click the app created Create an Application above to view detailed information about the app.
- **2.** From the top of the App screen, click the copy icon next to the app UUID to copy it to the dashboard for use later in the configuration process.

#### Log In to the LumOS Tape Library

Here is how you log in to Spectra LumOS user interface:

**1.** In a web browser, enter the hostname or IP address of the LumOS tape library.

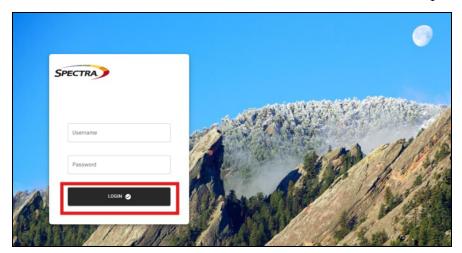


Figure 32 The LumOS Login screen.

2. Enter your login credentials and click Login.

#### **Configure LumOS DNS Server**

The Fortanix DSM software uses a hostname for access. The LumOS tape library must have a DNS server configured to use hostnames for communication. Here is how you configure a DNS server:

- **1.** In the LumOS user interface, select **Configuration > Settings**. The System Settings screen displays.
- 2. Scroll down to the Network Settings pane.

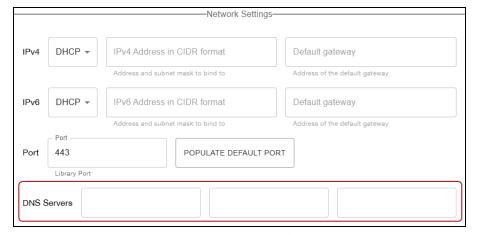


Figure 33 The Network Settings pane of the System Settings screen.

3. Enter an IP address for a DNS server, and then click Save Changes (not pictured).

### **Access the LumOS Encryption Settings**

Here is how you access the LumOS encryption settings:

1. Select Dashboard > Configuration > Encryption.

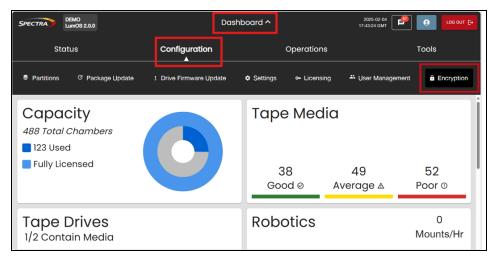
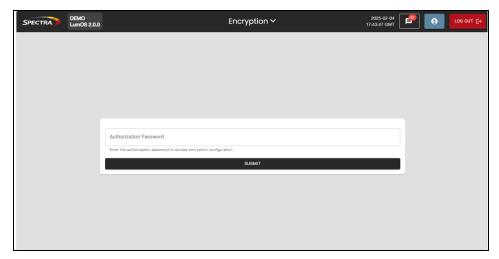


Figure 34 The LumOS Dashboard screen.

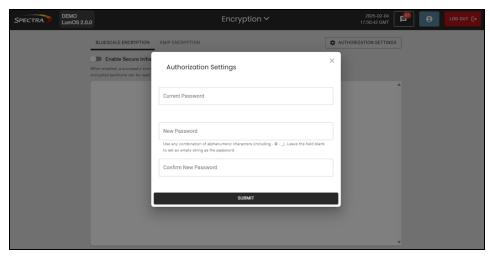
2. Enter the encryption Authorization Password and click Submit.

Note: The default password is blank (no password).



**Figure 35** The LumOS Encryption Password Entry screen.

**3.** If desired, click **Authorization Settings** to configure a new password.



**Figure 36** The LumOS Encryption Authorization Settings screen.

- **4.** On the Authorization Settings screen, enter the **Current Password**.
- **5.** Enter and confirm the **New Password**.
- 6. Click Submit.

## **Generate and Copy the CSR**

Here is how you generate and copy the CSR for use with the Fortanix DSM:

**1.** Click the **KMIP Encryption** tab.

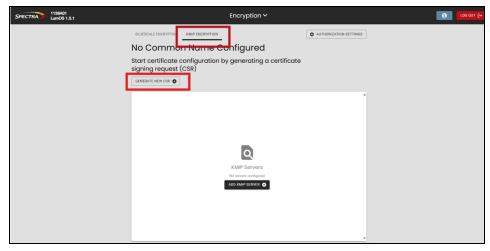


Figure 37 The LumOS KMIP Encryption screen.

2. Click Generate New CSR.

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**3.** In the New Certificate Signing Request dialog box, enter the **Common Name** using the Fortanix app UUID you copied in Copy the App UUID on page 68.

For example: a7004f82-622f-451e-bb23-9f78dd1966fe.

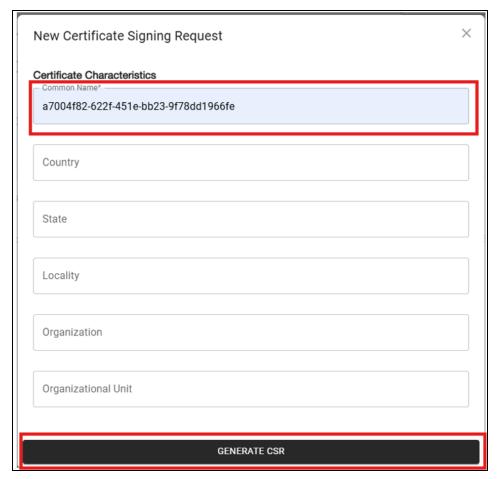


Figure 38 The LumOS New Certificate Signing Request dialog box.

**4.** Click **Generate CSR**. The screen redisplays to indicate the CSR is generated successfully.

**5.** Once the CSR is generated, click **Copy to Clipboard**.

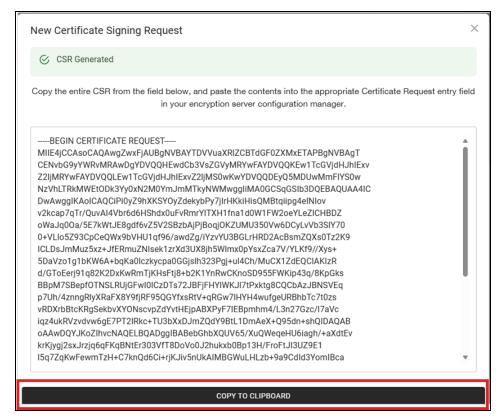


Figure 39 The LumOS New Certificate Signing Request screen.

- **6.** Use the copied CSR with your Certificate Authority (CA) to sign the CSR and issue a signed certificate.
- 7. Copy the signed certificate to the clipboard, or save the signed certificate to a file.

### **Upload and Sign the Certificate in Fortanix DSM**

After the CSR is generated and signed, here is how you upload and sign the certificate to Fortanix DSM:

- In the Fortanix DSM interface, navigate to the detailed view of the app created in Create an Application on page 68 and click Change the authentication method, then select Certificate to change the authentication method to Certificate.
- 2. Click Save.

- **3.** In the Add certificate dialog box, do one of the following:
  - If you copied the signed certificate to the clipboard, paste the content of the certificate into the **Upload certificate** entry field.
  - If you saved the signed certificate to a file, click **Upload New Certificate** to browse and select the certificate file.

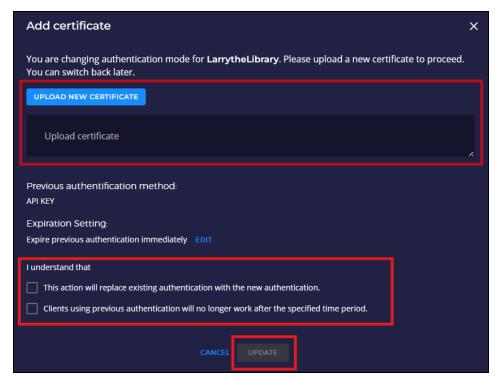


Figure 40 The Fortanix DSM Add Certificate screen.

- **4.** Under the **I understand that** header, select both the check boxes to confirm your understanding about the action.
- **5.** Click **Update** to save the changes.
- **6.** Copy the signed certificate to the clipboard, or save the certificate to a file.

### Import the Signed Client Certificate and Server CA Certificate into LumOS

Here is how you import the signed client certificate and server CA certificate into the LumOS encryption feature:

1. In the LumOS interface, on the KMIP Encryption screen, click Import Certificate Artifacts.

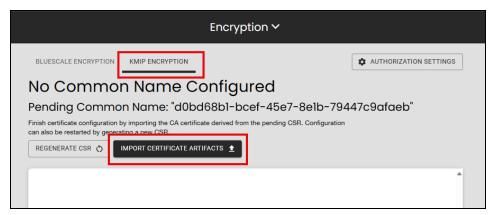
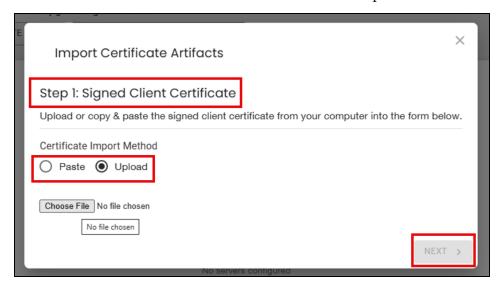


Figure 41 The LumOS KMIP Encryption screen.

- **2.** In the Import Certificate Artifacts Step 1 dialog box, import the Signed Client Certificate using one of the following methods:
  - **Paste**: If you have the signed certificate in text format, copy the entire certificate text from Fortanix DSM and paste it directly into the entry field.
  - **Upload**: If the signed certificate is saved as a file on your local machine, click **Chose File**, browse to the file location, and select the file to upload.



**Figure 42** The Import Certificate Artifacts - Step 1 dialog box.

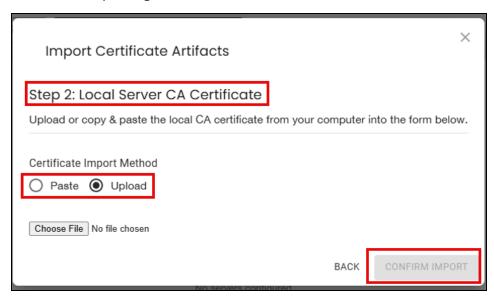
**3.** Click **Next** to import the local server CA certificate.

**4.** To export the server CA certificate, in the Fortanix DSM user interface, view the site information, and select **Connection is secure > Certificate is valid > Details > Certificate > Export**. Save the certificate to a file on your local machine.

**Note:** If the DSM TLS certificate chain includes an intermediate certificate, use the intermediate certificate file for importing into LumOS.

- **5.** In the LumOS user interface, on the Import Certificate Artifacts Step 2 dialog box, import the Local Server CA Certificate using one of the following methods:
  - **Paste**: If you have the certificate in text format, copy the entire certificate text and paste it directly into the entry field.
  - **Upload**: If the certificate is saved as a file on your local machine, click **Choose File**, browse to the file location, and select the file to upload.

**Note:** If the DSM TLS certificate chain includes an intermediate certificate, use the intermediate certificate file for importing into LumOS.



**Figure 43** The Import Certificate Artifacts - Step 2 dialog box.

**6.** Click **Confirm Import**. A success message displays once the signed client certificate and the server CA certificate have been uploaded successfully.

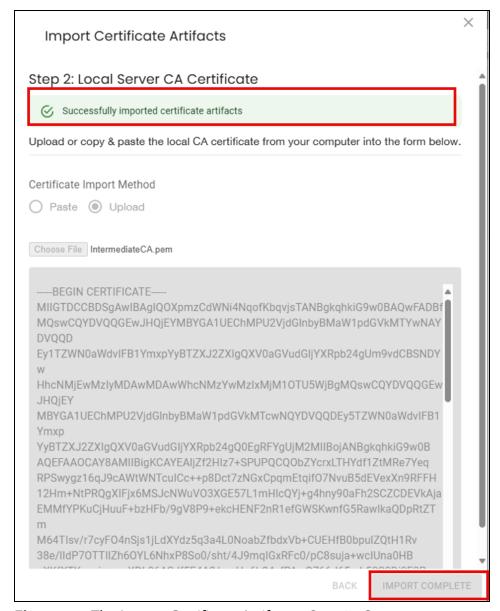


Figure 44 The Import Certificate Artifacts - Step 2 - Success screen.

**7.** Click **Import Complete** to return to the KMIP Encryption screen.

### **Configure LumOS KMIP Server**

After importing the certificates into LumOS, here is how you configure the LumOS KMIP server and complete the integration:

- **1.** Click **Add KMIP Server** in the KMIP Encryption screen.
- **2.** On the KMIP Server Configuration dialog box, enter the Fortanix DSM hostname in **Hostname or IP Address** field.

For example, amer.smartkey.io.



Figure 45 The KMIP Server Configuration dialog box.

- 3. Enter the Port Number as 5696.
- **4.** Click **Save** to return to the KMIP Encryption screen.
- **5.** Examine the **Connection Status** for the server you configured. A green Connected oval confirms successful connection between the Spectra LumOS tape library and Fortanix DSM.

**Note:** You may need to wait several minutes for the connection status to display.



**Figure 46** The LumOS KMIP Encryption screen.

### **Next Steps**

Skip to Configuring a Partition to Use a KMIP Server on page 97 to continue configuring KMIP encryption with Fortanix DSM.

### CONFIGURING KMIP ENCRYPTION WITH HPE ESKM

Use the following sections to configure the library to use KMIP encryption with HP Enterprise Secure Key Manager (ESKM).

### **User Privilege Requirements**

Only users with superuser privileges can configure the encryption features.

### **Configure a DNS Server**

To configure a KMIP server, you must enter the IP address or hostname for the server. If you plan to use a hostname, you must configure at least one DNS server for the library.

Note: If you plan to use an IP address, skip to Create a Certificate Signing Request (CSR) below.

- **1.** In the LumOS user interface, select **Configuration > Settings**. The System Settings screen displays.
- 2. Scroll down to the Network Settings pane.

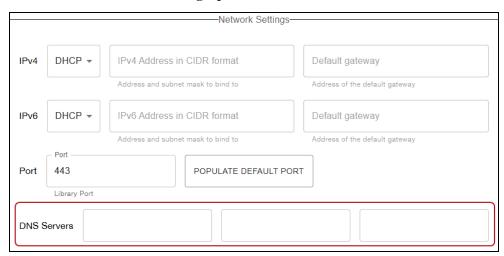


Figure 47 The Network Settings pane of the System Settings screen.

**3.** Enter an IP address for a DNS server, and then click **Save Changes** (not pictured).

### **Configure Certificates**

### **Create a Certificate Signing Request (CSR)**

- 1. In the LumOS user interface, select **Configuration > Encryption**.
- 2. Enter the encryption Authorization Password and click Submit.

**3.** On the Encryption screen, click the **KMIP Encryption** tab. The KMIP Encryption screen displays.

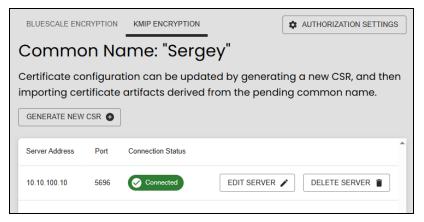
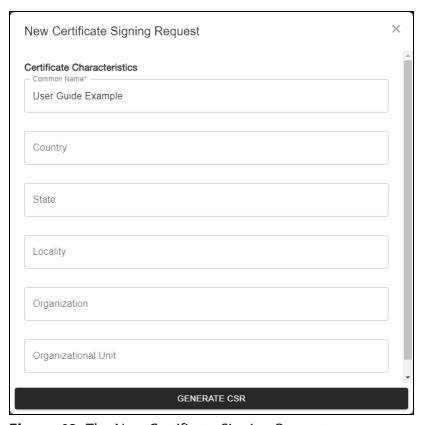


Figure 48 The KMIP Encryption Screen.

4. Click Generate New CSR. The New Certificate Signing Request screen displays.



**Figure 49** The New Certificate Signing Request screen.

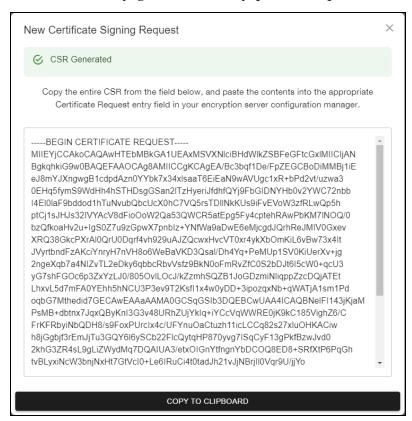
**5.** In the **Common Name** text field, enter a common name.

**Notes:** • For HPE ESKM servers, the Common Name becomes the library's username when you register the library as a user.

- The Common Name must have fewer than 65 characters and can contain any combination of the numbers 0-9, lower and upper case alphabetic characters (a-z and A-Z), and the at symbol (@), dash (-), underscore (\_), period (.), forward slash (/), and space characters.
- **6.** Optionally, fill out the **Country**, **State**, **Locality**, **Organization**, and **Organization Unit** text fields.

Notes: • Country must either be left blank, or else must contain exactly two characters including any combination of the numbers 0-9, lower and upper case alphabetic characters (a-z and A-Z), the dash (-), underscore (\_), period (.), and forward slash (/) characters.

- All other fields must have fewer than 65 characters including any combination of the numbers 0-9, lower and upper case alphabetic characters (a-z and A-Z), and the at symbol (@), dash (-), underscore (\_), period (.), forward slash (/), and space characters .
- **7.** Click **Generate CSR**. The library generates a key pair, and presents the CSR.



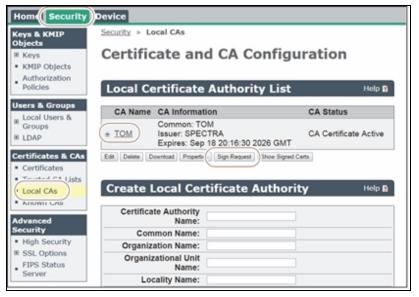
**Figure 50** The New Certification Signing Request screen.

**8.** Click **Copy To Clipboard** to copy the new certification signing request.

### Sign the Certificate Request Using HPE ESKM

**1.** Log into the HPE ESKM server.

**2.** On the main screen, select the **Security** tab, and then on the left hand menu, select **Local CAs**. The Certificate and CA Configuration screen displays.



**Figure 51** Navigate to the Certificate and CA Configuration screen.

**3.** From the Local Certificate Authority List, select the radio button next to the CA entry you want to use to sign the client certificate (in this example, it is named "TOM"), and then click **Sign Request**. The Certificate and CA Configuration screen updates to show the Sign Certificate Request section.

**Note:** If there are no local certificate authorities listed, use your standard process for creating a local certificate authority.

**4.** Select **Client** for the Certificate Purpose.



**Figure 52** The Sign Certificate Request section of the Certificate and CA Configuration screen.

- **5.** Paste the CSR text from the library New Certificate Signing Request (Step 8 on page 81) into the Certificate Request entry field.
- **6.** Click **Sign Request**. The CA Certificate Information screen displays.
- **7.** Copy the client certificate to the clipboard or click **Download** to save it to a file on your local host. You will use the certificate as new user credentials for the HPE ESKM server, and the library will use it to make Transport Layer Security (TLS) connections to the KMIP server.



**Figure 53** Copy or download the signed certificate.

### Add a New Local User to HPE ESKM

**1.** From the left hand menu on the HPE ESKM screen, select **Local Users**. The Users and Group Configuration screen displays.



**Figure 54** The Users and Group Configuration screen.

2. Click **Add** to display the Create Local User screen.

**3.** For Username, enter the name you configured as the Common Name in Step 5 on page 80.



**Figure 55** Enter the information to create a local user.

**4.** Enter any suitable Password and then confirm the password.

**Note:** The library does not use this password at this time.

- **5.** Paste the client certificate copied or downloaded in Step 7 on page 83 into the KMIP Client Certificate field.
- 6. Click Create.

### Import Artifacts for HPE ESKM

**1.** On the KMIP Encryption screen in the library LumOS interface, click **Import Certificate Artifacts**.

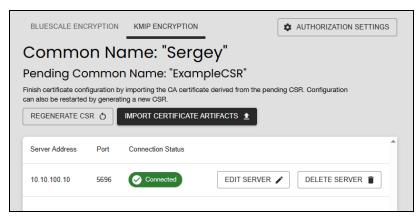
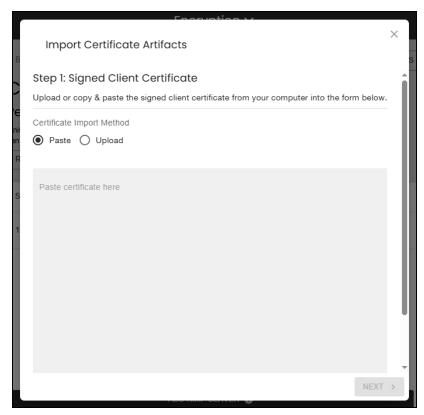


Figure 56 Click Import Certificate Artifacts.

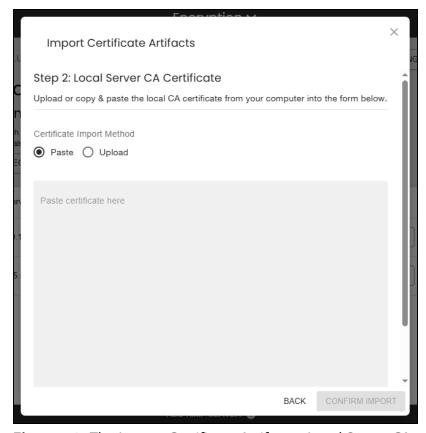
The Import Certificate Artifacts screen displays.



**Figure 57** The Import Certificate Artifacts - Signed Client Certificate screen.

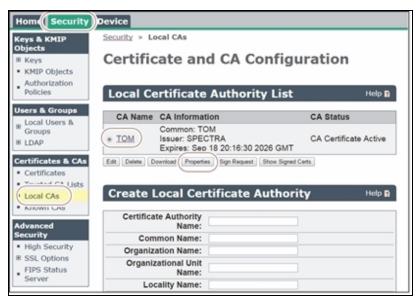
- **2.** In the Import Certificate Artifacts Step 1 dialog box, import the Signed Client Certificate using one of the following methods:
  - **Paste**: If you have the signed certificate in text format, copy the entire certificate text from HPE EKSM and paste it directly into the entry field.
  - **Upload**: If the signed certificate is saved as a file on your local machine, click **Chose File**, browse to the file location, and select the file to upload.

**3.** Click **Next**. The Local Server CA Certificate screen of the Import Certificate Artifacts wizard displays.



**Figure 58** The Import Certificate Artifacts - Local Server CA Certificate screen.

**4.** Return to the HPE ESKM console and select the **Security** tab, and then on the left hand menu, select **Local CAs**. The Certificate and CA Configuration screen displays.



**Figure 59** Navigate to the Certificate and CA Configuration screen.

- **5.** From the Local Certificate Authority List, select the radio button next to the CA entry you used to sign the client certificate (in this example, it is named "TOM"), and then click **Properties**. The CA Certificate Information displays.
- **6.** Copy the CA certificate to the clipboard or click **Download** to save the information to a file on your local host.



**Figure 60** The CA Certificate Information screen.

- **7.** In the LumOS user interface, on the Import Certificate Artifacts Step 2 dialog box, import the Local Server CA Certificate using one of the following methods:
  - **Paste**: If you have the certificate in text format, copy the entire certificate text and paste it directly into the entry field.
  - **Upload**: If the certificate is saved as a file on your local machine, click **Choose File**, browse to the file location, and select the file to upload.
- 8. Click Confirm Import.

### **Configure KMIP Server**

Use the steps and figure below to add a KMIP server.

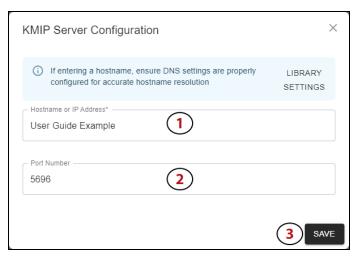


Figure 61 The KMIP Server Configuration screen.

- **1.** In the **Hostname or IP Address** text field, enter the KMIP server hostname or IP address.
- 2. Optionally, enter the KMIP server port number in the Port Number text field.
- 3. Click Save.
- **4.** The KMIP Server Status screen displays a list of KMIP servers known to the library. The library can use up to four KMIP servers; each is listed by its IP address or hostname.

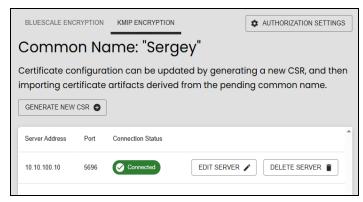


Figure 62 Access the KMIP Configuration Screen.

**Note: Connected** in a green circle appears in the Connection Status column next to servers the library can access. A red **Disconnected** in the Connection Status column indicates the library is currently unable to connect to that server.

### **Next Steps**

Skip to Configuring a Partition to Use a KMIP Server on page 97 to continue configuring KMIP encryption with HPE ESKM.

## CONFIGURING KMIP ENCRYPTION - OTHER KMIP SOFTWARE

Use the following steps to configure the library to use KMIP encryption with a KMIP software application.

- For specific instructions for configuring KMIP encryption with Fortanix DSM, see Configuring KMIP Encryption with Fortanix DSM on page 66.
- For specific instructions for configuring KMIP encryption with HPE ESKM, see Configuring KMIP Encryption with HPE ESKM on page 79.

### **User Privilege Requirements**

Only users with superuser privileges can configure the encryption features.

### **Configure a DNS Server**

To configure a KMIP server, you must enter the IP address or hostname for the server. If you plan to use a hostname, you must configure at least one DNS server for the library.

**Note:** If you plan to use an IP address, skip to Create a Certificate Signing Request (CSR) on the next page.

- In the LumOS user interface, select Configuration > Settings. The System Settings screen displays.
- 2. Scroll down to the Network Settings pane.

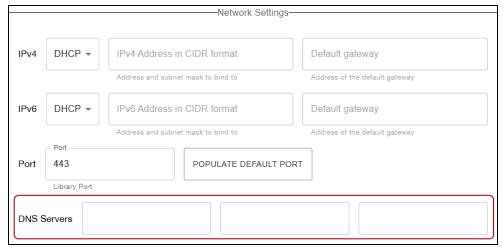


Figure 63 The Network Settings pane of the System Settings screen.

3. Enter an IP address for a DNS server, and then click Save Changes (not pictured).

### **Create a Certificate Signing Request (CSR)**

- **1.** In the LumOS user interface, select **Configuration > Encryption**.
- 2. Enter the encryption Authorization Password and click Submit.
- **3.** On the Encryption screen, click the **KMIP Encryption** tab. The KMIP Encryption screen displays.

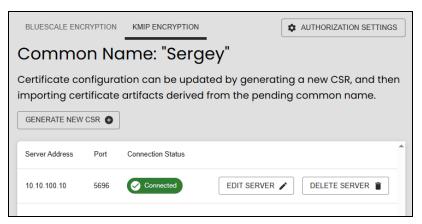
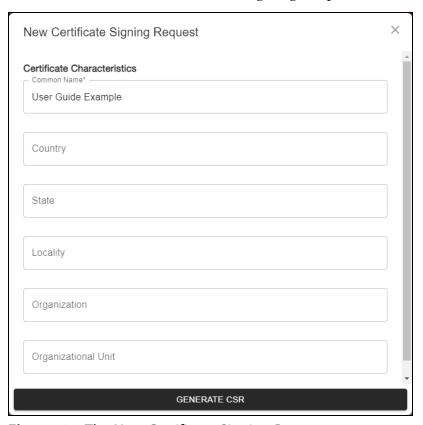


Figure 64 The KMIP Encryption Screen.

**4.** Click **Generate New CSR**. The New Certificate Signing Request screen displays.



**Figure 65** The New Certificate Signing Request screen.

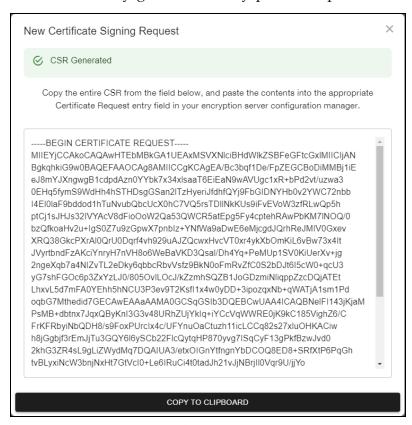
**5.** In the **Common Name** text field, enter a common name.

**Notes:** • For HPE ESKM servers, the Common Name becomes the library's username when you register the library as a user.

- The Common Name must have fewer than 65 characters and can contain any combination of the numbers 0-9, lower and upper case alphabetic characters (a-z and A-Z), and the at symbol (@), dash (-), underscore (\_), period (.), forward slash (/), and space characters.
- **6.** Optionally, fill out the **Country**, **State**, **Locality**, **Organization**, and **Organization Unit** text fields.

Notes: • Country must either be left blank, or else must contain exactly two characters including any combination of the numbers 0-9, lower and upper case alphabetic characters (a-z and A-Z), the dash (-), underscore (\_), period (.), and forward slash (/) characters.

- All other fields must have fewer than 65 characters including any combination of the numbers 0-9, lower and upper case alphabetic characters (a-z and A-Z), and the at symbol (@), dash (-), underscore (\_), period (.), forward slash (/), and space characters .
- **7.** Click **Generate CSR**. The library generates a key pair, and presents the CSR.



**Figure 66** The New Certification Signing Request screen.

**8.** Click **Copy To Clipboard** to copy the new certification signing request.

### Sign and Copy the Certificate Request

- **1.** Use your KMIP software to sign the certificate request. See your application documentation for more information.
- **2.** Copy or save the signed certificate.

### **Import Artifacts**

**1.** On the KMIP Encryption screen in the library LumOS interface, click **Import Certificate Artifacts**.



Figure 67 Click Import Certificate Artifacts.

The Import Certificate Artifacts screen displays.



**Figure 68** The Import Certificate Artifacts - Signed Client Certificate screen.

- **2.** In the Import Certificate Artifacts Step 1 dialog box, import the Signed Client Certificate using one of the following methods:
  - **Paste**: If you have the signed certificate in text format, copy the entire certificate text from your KMIP application and paste it directly into the entry field.
  - **Upload**: If the signed certificate is saved as a file on your local machine, click **Chose File**, browse to the file location, and select the file to upload.
- **3.** Click **Next**. The Local Server CA Certificate screen of the Import Certificate Artifacts wizard displays.



**Figure 69** The Import Certificate Artifacts - Local Server CA Certificate screen.

- **4.** In your KMIP application software, copy or save the Local CA certificate. See your application documentation for more information.
- **5.** In the LumOS user interface, on the Import Certificate Artifacts Step 2 dialog box, import the Local Server CA Certificate using one of the following methods:
  - **Paste**: If you have the certificate in text format, copy the entire certificate text and paste it directly into the entry field.
  - **Upload**: If the certificate is saved as a file on your local machine, click **Choose File**, browse to the file location, and select the file to upload.
- **6.** Click **Confirm Import**.

### **Add KMIP Server**

Use the steps and figure below to add a KMIP server.

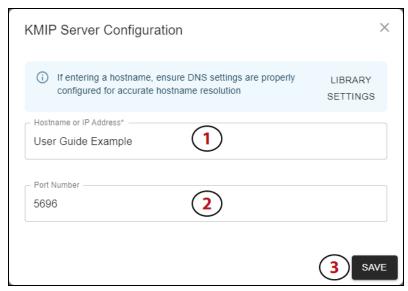


Figure 70 The KMIP Server Configuration screen.

- 1. In the **Hostname or IP Address** text field, enter the KMIP server hostname or IP address.
- 2. Optionally, enter the KMIP server port number in the Port Number text field.
- 3. Click Save.
- **4.** The KMIP Server Status screen displays a list of KMIP servers known to the library. The library can use up to four KMIP servers; each is listed by its IP address or hostname.

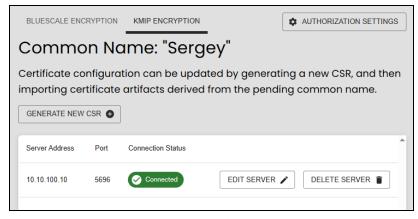


Figure 71 Access the KMIP Configuration Screen.

**Note:** Connected in a green circle appears in the Connection Status column next to servers the library can access. A red **Disconnected** in the Connection Status column indicates the library is currently unable to connect to that server.

- **5.** Edit the **Hostname or IP Address** and **Port Number** text fields.
- 6. Click Save.
- **7.** Click **Confirm** to delete the server.

### **Next Steps**

Skip to Configuring a Partition to Use a KMIP Server on the next page to continue configuring KMIP encryption with your KMIP software.

### CONFIGURING A PARTITION TO USE A KMIP SERVER

#### **Overview**

After configuring a KMIP server, you can enable KMIP Encryption Key Management for one or more partitions.

**Note:** You must use **KMIP Encryption - Reuse** for media using tape partitioning (for example, LTFS). If you use **KMIP Encryption - No Reuse** with media using tape partitioning, all read/write operations fail with encryption errors.

Use the following steps to assign a KMIP server to the partition:

**1.** In the LumOS user interface, select **Configuration > Partitions**. The Partitions screen displays.

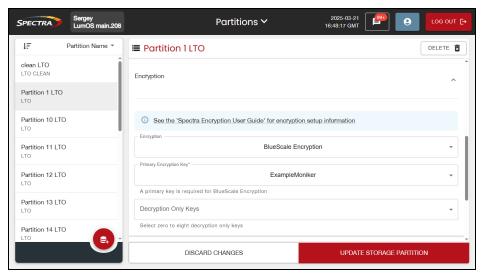


Figure 72 The Partitions screen.

- **2.** In the left-hand pane, select the partition to which you want to use KMIP encryption. The configuration options for the partition display in the right-hand main window.
- **3.** Choose the type of encryption to use:

Encryption Option	Description	
KMIP Encryption- Reuse	Turns on KMIP encryption key management for drive-based encryption. The library reuses KMIP encryption keys when tapes are overwritten.	
KMIP Encryption - No Reuse		

**4.** Click **Update Storage Partition**.

### **DISABLING ENCRYPTION IN A PARTITION**

Use the following steps to disable encryption in a partition.

**1.** In the LumOS user interface, select **Configuration > Partitions**. The Partitions screen displays.

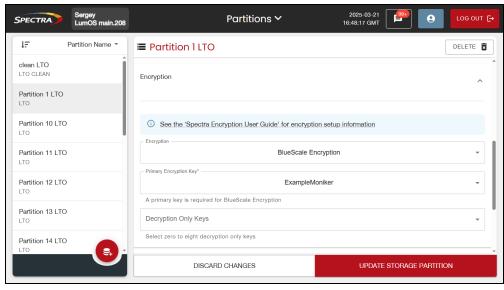


Figure 73 The Partitions screen.

- **2.** In the left-hand pane, select the partition to which you want to disable encryption. The configuration options for the partition display in the right-hand main window.
- 3. Expand the Encryption pane.
- **4.** Using the **Encryption** drop-down menu, select **Disabled**.
- **5.** Click Update Storage Partition.

# CHAPTER 5 - ENCRYPTION TROUBLESHOOTING

This chapter describes troubleshooting steps you can take, as appropriate, to help resolve problems you might encounter while operating the library. Try these troubleshooting procedures *before* you open a support ticket with Spectra Logic Technical Support. If you are unable to resolve the problem yourself, open a support ticket. See "Opening a Support Ticket" in your *Tape Library User Guide* for instructions.

**Note:** The library must be under warranty or have a valid service contract in order to qualify for support.

### **TROUBLESHOOTING ENCRYPTION ISSUES**

The information in this section may help resolve encryption-related problems.

Issue	Cause	Resolution
System Message states that no encryption key was sent to the drive/DCM.	If a drive loses and regains power with a tape inside it, the drive is not able to receive encryption monikers.	<ul> <li>Use the following steps to re-enable the encryption process:</li> <li>1. Move the cartridge out of the drive and return it to its storage location (see "Moving Media" in your <u>Tape Library User Guide</u>).</li> <li>2. Reset the drive (see "Drive Actions" in your <u>Tape Library User Guide</u>).</li> </ul>
System message states that a tape drive requires a specific moniker - BlueScale Encryption	The encryption key used to encrypt the cartridge is not currently available on the library.  Or, if you are using BlueScale Professional Edition, the required encryption key is available, but is not selected as one of the partition's decryption keys.	Depending on which BlueScale Encryption edition you are using, use the following steps to enable the cartridge to be read:  BlueScale Standard Edition  1. Log into the library as a superuser.  2. Log into the encryption feature.  3. Export and then delete the encryption key currently listed on the Encryption Configuration screen (see Deleting an Encryption Key from the Library on page 62).  4. Import the required key (see Import the Required Key Into the Library on page 37).  5. Select Configuration > Partitions.  6. Select the partition containing the cartridge.  7. Select the encryption key to be associated with the partition and click Save.  BlueScale Professional Edition  1. Log into the library as a superuser.  2. Log into the encryption feature.

Issue	Cause	Resolution
		3. Make sure the encryption key is listed on the Encryption Configuration screen. If it is not listed, add the key to the library (see Import the Required Key Into the Library on page 37).
		4. Select Configuration > Partitions.
		<b>5.</b> Select the partition containing the cartridge.
		<b>6.</b> Select the required encryption key as either the primary encryption key or as a decryption key and click <b>Save</b> .